

## **Elton Cricket Club - Supervising Children at Cricket Sessions**

It is important to remember when planning children's cricket, or general sessions, sufficient adults must be present to adequately supervise all participants and manage any incident that may arise.

It is a basic requirement of all sessions and matches involving children that a minimum of two responsible adults will be present in all circumstances. Clubs should always plan accordingly and coaches must feel confident in raising concerns if they find themselves placed in a position where they are expected to work alone and unsupervised. In matches there must always be at least two adults present and responsible for the team.

The ECB provides two different sets of ratios for working with children. It is vital coaches, and other key club personnel, understand the distinction between these two types of ratios.

They are each explained below:

### **Qualified coach ratios** required for coaching sessions

The ECB Community Coach Education department has produced appropriate ratios based on the number of qualified coaches required to run different technical disciplines within the game. The ratios of qualified coaches to children are as follows:

- Net Coaching: 1 coach : 8 children
- Group Coaching: 1 coach : 24 children
- Hard Ball Coaching: 1 coach : 16 children

These coaching ratios are very different to the child supervision ratios, which are required at all sessions regardless of where these are held or which activities the children are doing. Details of supervision ratios are shown below:

### **Supervision ratios**

Supervision ratios relate to managing groups of children and ensuring sufficient adults are present to deal with any issue or incident that may arise.

For single sex groups, there must be at least one same gender member of staff.

For mixed groups there must be at least one male and one female supervising adult.

There must always be a **minimum of two adults** present.

Clubs must also factor in any further issues that the risk assessment of the facilities may have highlighted. For example, if the changing rooms are located several minutes walk from the training venue then the club may have to increase the number of supervisors in light of this additional information.

The supervision ratios that must be adhered to as a minimum for clubs looking after groups of children are as follow:

Aged 8 and under – 1 adult : 8 children

Aged 9 and over – 1 adult : 10 children

It is also important for clubs to note that these ratios relate to adults and children i.e. those over 18 looking after those under 18.

Volunteers who are under 18 years of age must not be used in the calculations for supervision ratios.

### **Drinks breaks**

As part of our responsibilities in supervising children, it is vital all players drink appropriate amounts of water to avoid any possible risks of dehydration during matches and practice Sessions.

Rockets Coaches, Coaches, managers, umpires and all involved are encouraged to:

- Ensure regular intervals for drinks are arranged, particularly in matches of more than 20 overs per innings, or in hot weather
- Plan drinks breaks in practice sessions and matches every 20-40 minutes on warm sunny days. (This may sound excessive but on hot days players can need up to two or three litres each to stay fully hydrated)
- Avoid waiting for children to say they are thirsty before planning a drinks break as thirst is an indication of dehydration : children tend to dehydrate more quickly than adults.

### **Facilities and venues used for children's cricket**

ECC must ensure they have undertaken an adequate **risk assessment on all facilities** and venues used for any club activities, regardless of ownership of that facility or venue. This does not include away match venues for leagues but should include, where possible, facilities and venues that will be used on tours.

If clubs regularly hire facilities from other organisations such as schools or community colleges, there may be a generic risk assessment available for clubs to consider.

It is important to recognise our responsibility for ensuring venues and facilities are fit for purpose.

Details on risk assessment can be found in the ECB Clubmark programme at [www.ecb.co.uk/clubmark](http://www.ecb.co.uk/clubmark)

The outcomes of risk assessments may have an impact on the session planning

or co-ordination of junior club training or matches. It is important risk assessments are done in advance and updated on an annual basis, or if changes to the facility have taken place.